

## Bullene, Moore & Company

Kansas City.



The biggest and most comprehensive sale we have ever had begins Tuesday, the 1st of May.

Biggest inasmuch as we have more goods to offer you than ever put in one sale; most comprehensive, since we dive deeper into the inexpensive goods and reach higher into the expensive articles of merchandise.

We intend to make this an event not an incident in the history of our business. Having gathered from the four quarters of the globe merchandise of all descriptions, except that which is worthless, we are going to offer you practical reasonable merchandise, at prices that will make you a quick buyer.

We have determined that this shall be the greatest May Sale on record, and it will be.

Our New York buyers have raked the market for and aft. and with their ready cash and good judgment have taken from the jobbers, manufacturers, and auction rooms goods at unheard-of prices.

This, under the market bought, stock will be ready for your inspection Tuesday, May 1, when we wish to see you here and ask that you examine carefully, critically, the big lot of goods. Test in every way you wish, the qualities of the different fabrics, from the less expensive to the very finest product, for then the crowds of buyers will increase daily.

Note the price tickets that each pile of goods bears. Each one tells its own story of value—its own story of price.

Take a look at each counter. Simply saying to you that certain goods are bargains does not make them so.

Take a train and come to the store and see for yourself and then judge if we have not been too modest in our expressions. While looking keep in mind that the qualities are all such as you have proven right by years of dealing with us.

As an illustration of some of these bargains we will quote you a few prices, but remember that the number here quoted is but a very small proportion of the whole.

## Novelty Silks.

Arnold, Constable & Co., New York City.

Where, in this great western country, is the intelligent wearer of fine fabrics that does not know the great firm of Arnold, Constable & Co.? They are known the world over as dealers in the finest and best merchandise that can be purchased.

The foregoing makes what we have to say the more remarkable, in that it pertains to thousands of yards of their finest Novelty Dress Silks, made especially for this season's fashionable dinner and house dresses, waists, coats and skirts.

This assorted lot of this season's Lyons Silks in the more extreme Parisian fashions have been bought by us so that the \$4.00 yard quality, the \$5.00 yard quality, the \$7.50 yard quality, the \$8.00 quality, the \$9.00 yard quality and the \$10.00 yard quality can be sold by us in our big May 1st Sale at one round uniform price and that \$1.50 the yard.

A partial list indicates the following:

- \$10.00 Satin Brocades.
- \$9.00 Elegant Stripes.
- \$7.50 Faconne Duchesse.
- \$5.00 Travers Silks.
- \$4.00 Lyons Armures.

Your Choice for \$1.50 a Yard

## Black Goods.

Priestley's Celebrated Black Goods have been bought for about half price, to clean up odds and ends and broken lines of seasonal stuffs, such as Wool Figured Drap'd, etc., Wool London Cords, Silk Warp Herringbone, Silk Warp Armure, All Wool Faconne worth \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25 for 98c.

## Novelty Dress Goods.

From one of the biggest importers of fine dress fabrics we closed out all of his stock of this season's imported French Dress Goods, confined styles of high art novelties, imported and confined to B. Altman & Co., for the city of New York.

As this importer was under contract to sell these particular patterns to no one else in New York he, of course, had to look elsewhere when cleaning up time came and came naturally to us.

The assortment embraces the newest and most beautiful effects produced by the French manufacturer this season, and have been sold in New York at \$2.50 a yard and at \$3.00 a yard. Our price for any in this lot May 1st will be \$1.50 the yard.

Also a lot of Silks and Wool French Novelties imported to sell by Arnold, Constable & Co. at \$3.50 the yard were bought by us so that the price May 1st will be \$1.25 the yard.

They are mostly in medium colors of Silk tufted effects.

Again we will say that these are but of small percentage of the goods on sale May 1st, and we would, by all means, advise you to attend this sale.

Bullene, Moore & Company

## THE LIE DIRECT.

Representatives Talbert and Pickler Call Names,

For Which They Are Called to Order.

## APOLOGIES ARE AS BAD

As the Heated Language First Indulged In.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Twenty-one private pension bills passed, tells the story of yesterday's work in the house. Mr. Hepburn of Iowa, who has been harassing the Democratic side daily for a week, to force action on these pension bills, finally succeeded, through the aid of Mr. Pickler of South Dakota, who has been acting with him, and the bills were passed. The beneficiary of one of the bills, an old lady of 96, totally blind, the widow of a soldier of the war of 1812, had died since her bill was reported from last Friday night's session. When it was read and about to be placed upon its passage, Mr. Taylor of Indiana interrupted by saying:

"Never mind, Mr. Speaker," said he, "that bill can be laid aside; the old lady is dead."

The members who had been chattering and laughing stopped. There was a moment of silence. The relief for which the old lady had been striving so long was at hand, but like many other congressional claims, it came too late.

The usual monotony of the Friday night session was broken when the members were in a raucous temper, the lie passed and two members were called to order for unparliamentary language.

Mr. Talbert, Democrat, South Carolina, who has been trying for several weeks to get into the record a series of articles on the subject of pensions, repeated his attempt last night. All his requests were refused.

Mr. Pickler, of South Dakota was particularly determined in his opposition. Both gentlemen showed signs of temper.

"That is the most slanderous attack on Union soldiers ever published," said Mr. Pickler.

"The gentleman is talking about something he knows nothing about," shouted Mr. Talbert.

"The gentleman from South Carolina," continued Mr. Pickler, "is only trying to slander Union soldiers."

"I deny it," said Mr. Talbert in loud tones, shaking his fist aloft.

"The gentleman has uttered a falsehood, pure and simple," said Mr. Pickler.

Instantly a dozen members on the Republican side were on their feet, and Mr. Hepburn called Mr. Talbert to order and demanded that his words be taken down. They were read from the clerk's desk, and, after some wrangling, Mr. Talbert was given permission to explain.

Mr. Talbert began his explanation by stating that he was sorry he was obliged to say what he had, but it was true. He would withdraw what he had said, however, if Mr. Pickler would withdraw his remarks.

The tone of the South Carolinian's explanation did not seem to suit Mr. Baker, Republican, New Hampshire, who declared that the original language and he again called Mr. Talbert to order. At this juncture there was an effort to pour oil on the troubled waters and, on motion, Mr. Talbert was allowed to proceed.

He had no further explanation to make, however, and took his seat, when Mr. Pickler arose and made a statement, which again kindled the flames of partisanship. The paper which printed these articles he said, was continually slandering and vilifying the soldiers.

"The gentleman from South Carolina," he added, turning to Mr. Talbert, "has slandered and vilified them every Friday night. That is his object, and I hold it in utter contempt."

Mr. Livingston of Georgia, Democrat, jumped to his feet and in turn called Mr. Pickler to order. After his words had been read from the clerk's desk, Mr. Martin of Indiana, moved that Mr. Pickler be permitted to explain.

"I don't want to explain," shouted Mr. Pickler. "I stand by what I said, and have nothing to take back."

At this point the counsel of cooler heads prevailed. The excitement subsided and, without further incident, the house proceeded and disposed of nine pension bills, five of which were favorably acted upon. The point of no quorum was then made and, after a call of the roll, the house at 10:30 adjourned.

## A SKIRMISH IN THE SENATE.

Maneuvering, Marching, Clashing and Rapid Firing on the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—Yesterday was a field day in the senate. There was maneuvering, marching, clashing and a rapid firing. When Mr. Aldrich demanded that Mr. Harris, of Tennessee, should speak for the Democratic side and say whether or not the Democrats would vote on the tariff bill as it now stood at 3 o'clock, the interest of senators and spectators became intense.

All eyes centered upon the sturdy, white haired senator from Tennessee, but he did not reply. There were hurried consultations, and it was soon known the defiance of the Republicans would be hurled back, and there was an air of expectancy when Mr. Lind say neared the end of his speech.

When he finished, Mr. Harris was on his feet immediately, although others sought the floor. He was recognized. In an intense and dramatic manner he read the verbatim report of the colloquy between the Rhode Island and Kentucky senators and accepted the proposition to vote on the senate bill, and followed it up with a request for unanimous consent for such a vote at 3 o'clock. It was at once apparent Mr. Aldrich did not intend to accept this offer.

Several Republican senators ob-

jected to the unanimous consent, and Mr. Aldrich, with some difficulty, received recognition. He explained that, while he offered to vote on the house bill, he had only asked the Democratic senators if they would vote on the senate bill. Further than this he made the proposition to the senate and not to a Democratic caucus, which he intimated had been held since his proposition had been made. He was accused of backing and quibbling, and Senator White of California intimated he had been bluffing and been "called," and also the senator from Rhode Island would probably understand the term "called."

The senate and spectators knew, and audible demonstration followed the rally.

Mr. Aldrich evidently knew what was meant, and replied by saying that it was not common in places where the words were applicable to allow the adversary two hours to look over his hand before making the call, and that was what the Democratic senators had done.

Senator Teller stated his objections to a vote in vigorous terms, and in an allusion to the compromise tariff bill, brought out vigorous denial by Senator Voorhees that any other bill was in existence. But the interest in the battle had disappeared, the bugle sounded a retreat and the most dramatic incident in the senate tariff debate closed.

## FIVE CIVILIZED TRIBES.

Senator Teller Will Present His Report Regarding Them in a Few Days.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Senator Teller said yesterday that he intended to bring in his report on the subject of the condition of the five civilized tribes, the result of his recent visit to the Indian Territory, within the next few days. He does not believe, however, that this report will fully cover the subject.

He says that his committee has by no means been satisfied with the limited investigation they have been able to make, and that they intend to continue their consideration of the subject, probably in another visit to the Indian Territory, or else in hearings before the committee on the five civilized tribes, of which he is chairman.

## Attorney-General Olney's Advice.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Attorney-General Olney has telegraphed to Mr. McNaught, solicitor of the Northern Pacific railroad company, recommending that hereafter, in case the commonwealth parties attempt to seize or interfere with the property of the railroad company, application be made first to the local state tribunals for protection. If the governors fail in their duty in this respect, as it is reported Governor Pennover of Oregon, has done, in refusing the application of Sheriff Kelly, at Troutville, for militia aid, then the national government will be obliged to act through the United States courts.

## Department of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The bill making appropriations for the support of the department of agriculture for the fiscal year, 1895, was completed by the house committee on agriculture. The amounts appropriated by the bill have not yet been footed up, but they will approximate a total of \$2,450,000, as compared with an appropriation of \$2,528,000, for the current fiscal year.

## Coxeys Can Parade on the Avenue.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Chief of Police Moore said yesterday the Coxey army can parade down Pennsylvania avenue, as long as its component parts conduct themselves in an orderly manner. That this is one of the rights of an organization, he says, and the police do not intend to interfere. They cannot allow, however, marches into the capitol grounds.

## Breckinridge's Case and the Mails.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The question of allowing the story of the Breckinridge-Pollard trial, as printed in book form by a Chicago firm to pass through the mails is involved in an application made for its admission as second class matter. The question is under consideration by the attorney general.

## MRS. LEASE ILL.

Suddenly Attacked With Heart Disease at an Indiana Hotel.

REIMS, Ind., April 27.—Mrs. Mary E. Lease, the Kansas reformer, who spoke here yesterday, in company with Mrs. Helen M. Gougar, was taken suddenly ill last night at her hotel, and it was thought for a while was dying. A physician revived her, pronounced it heart disease and she is now some better.

## Twenty-Seven Horses Burned.

TABLETUAH, I. T., April 27.—The largest fire that this place has ever experienced broke out at 2:30 o'clock last night. The blaze started in the livery stable of John F. Wilson. Twenty-seven horses were destroyed and fifteen hacks and buggies consumed. The general merchandise store of J. A. Lawrence & Co., R. N. Crofton, groceries, restaurant, post-office building, barbers shop and several smaller buildings went up in smoke. Loss of J. A. Lawrence, \$12,000, insurance \$5,500; R. N. Crofton's loss is \$4,900, no insurance. Livery stable less \$4,000, insurance \$1,000.

## A Brakeman Horribly Mangled.

PARSONS, Kan., April 28.—The horribly mangled remains of W. P. Bowen, brakeman on Missouri, Kansas and Texas freight train No. 101, were found in the yards of the company in this city, about 3 o'clock yesterday morning. He is supposed to have fallen between the engine and first car while endeavoring to get on the engine.

## Baseball Results.

At Kansas City—Kansas City 8, Milwaukee 5.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 17, Grand Rapids 15.

At Sioux City—Sioux City 9, Minneapolis 9.

At Toledo—Toledo 10, Detroit 2.

## Dick Moore Knocked Out.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 28.—Dan Creedon defeated Dick Moore last night, knocking him out in the ninth round.

## NOT SO GOOD.

The Business Situation Throughout the Country,

Is Not So Favorable This Week.

## TWO CITIES IMPROVE.

But No Signs for the Better Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Bradstreet's says "The general business situation throughout the United States is less favorable, as is shown by reports from more than fifty important distributing centers. A specially depressing influence is the strike of 147,000 bituminous coal and coke operators in twelve states."

"Buffalo, Cleveland, Chicago and Duluth are feeling the strike, the effect in vessel interests at these and other lake ports being very discouraging. Duluth ore shipments are delayed for want of return coal cargoes and railroad companies have begun to discharge coal train employees."

"Only two cities of thirty-five reporting in Central, Western and North-western states report material improvement in general trade this week—Indianapolis and Kansas City; even at those points the gain is slight. Activity in the stock market is checked by the labor disturbances and the delay in reaching a conclusion on the new tariff bill. Professional operators incline to depress the railway share list by means of short sales. The market, however, is narrow and subject to reaction."

"The decrease in liabilities of firms failing still continues, and the aggregate reported for the third week of April was only \$2,792,463, and for three weeks of April \$6,988,588, of which \$3,810,914 were of manufacturing and \$3,841,095 of trading concerns. The total clearings at the cities mentioned for the past week, with increase or decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year:

NEW YORK, April 28.—The following list, compiled by Bradstreet's, shows the total clearings at the cities mentioned for the past week, with increase or decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year:

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## RUMBLING OF DISCONTENT

Predictions That Coxey's Commonwealth Army Will Disband.

GATHERSBURG, Md., April 28.—The journey of the army yesterday, though over good roads, was more than unusually weary, because of the succession of high hills and deep valleys. A halt was made for ten minutes' rest at Clarksburg. In response to a request by one of the spectators, Coxey made a ten minutes' speech. At Green Center, when lunch was had, Coxey again spoke. The tramp was then resumed, and without incident, the army marched in here at 3 o'clock and went into camp about three-quarters of a mile from the center of the hamlet. There are rumblings of discontent in the army, and there are predictions the army, though it seems scarcely probable, may go to pieces before Rockville is reached. Hard tack and coffee alone for two days is evidently causing some grumbling.

Mineral Product of Canada.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 27.—A statement of the value of the mineral products of Canada for the past year shows an aggregate of \$19,250,000, or \$250,000 less than that of 1892. Nickel heads the list, the output having been 3,992,982 tons, valued at \$2,078,351. The value of gold was \$927,244; copper, \$875,854; silver, \$321,423. Three million and seven hundred thousand tons of coal were mined, valued at \$8,422,259. The quantity of iron ore mined is placed at 124,702 tons, valued at \$298,018.

Price of Coal May Advance.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 28.—Unless the coal miners' strike is ended within a few days, the price of coal in this city will be raised. Most of the soft coal used here comes from Richmond, Macon and Bevier, and the miners' strike there is likely to shorten the supply. One large dealer is already out of the fuel, and others say it will have to be shipped from distant points if the strike continues.

A Horrible Execution.

FAYETTEVILLE, Ark., April 28.—Sam Vaughn was hanged here yesterday morning for the murder of W. A. Gage, which occurred in September, 1891. The trap was sprung at 7:10 o'clock and he died without a struggle. When he fell, his head was nearly severed and hung to his body only by muscles. Torrents of blood covered his entire body, making a horrible and sickening sight.

## A Schoolmarm Missing.

PARSONS, Kan., April 28.—This vicinity is greatly worked up over the disappearance of a prominent young lady school teacher by the name of Ettie Tye, who has been teaching a school three miles southwest of this city, and who disappeared from her boarding house Thursday night. Searching parties are out scouring the country. It is feared the young lady has committed suicide.

## Mobbed a Saloon.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., April 28.—The one notorious saloon which has been the cause of several sensational incidents was wiped out of existence last night by mob violence. A crowd of 100 men battered in the front doors, emptied the liquors into the gutter and burned the furniture in the street. The proprietor, Bert Willis, and his bartender were bound and blindfolded while the work was done.

## "General" Frye to Preach.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 28.—General Frye's army, with the merged Aubrey branch, numbering 400 men, are staked at the Blake street pork house. The general has expressed his determination to preach Sunday on "If Christ came to Indianapolis," provided he can do so under the auspices of the ministers of the city.

## Convention of Assessors.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 28.—The inequalities in the assessment of real estate and personal property is so great that steps are to be taken to remedy the evil, which is becoming more glaring each year. Governor Stone has sent out letters to county assessors suggesting a convention of assessors to take action in the matter.

## BRIEFS BY WIRE.

John Hollar, a Wabash conductor, while fishing fell into Miller's lake, a mile and a half south of Moberly and was drowned.

County School Commissioner M. H. Tinsley of Moberly is dead. He was one of the best-known teachers in this part of Missouri.

Strikers are in possession of every coke plant from Connelville to Fair Chance, Pa., except Oliver, where another attempt is being made to run.

In Omaha, Neb., Sheriff Drexler has attached the motor cars of the Omaha Street Railway company to satisfy a judgment of \$5,000. Street car traffic is suspended all over the city.

Republican city caucuses in Fort Scott resulted in a sweeping victory for the Fusion forces, and everything points to a solid Funston delegation from Bourbon county.

Dr. Albert Day, famous for his successful treatment of inebriates, and who for the past thirty-five years has been identified with the Washington home, at Boston, is dead, aged 73 years.

At Unionstown, Pa., the first eviction writs in the historic strike have been issued, and eleven strikers were thrown out of company houses. In the strike of 1891 evictions were accompanied with bloodshed and riot.

A lively interest is manifest in the forthcoming congress of the national society of the Sons of the American Revolution, which will convene at the Arlington hotel Monday. The indication points to a large attendance.

May day processions have been forbidden in Austria, and workmen have been notified that anyone absent from work upon that day without the consent of his employer will be considered guilty of breach of contract, and will be liable to dismissal.

Colonel Leon Silverman, formerly a prominent politician of Wisconsin, but recently a resident of Pine Bluff, Ark., committed suicide there by shooting himself in the head and breast. He was 75 years old and has been in a very despondent mood of late from unknown causes.



FOR CLOTHES.

THE PROCTOR & GAMBLE CO., CHICAGO.

## IMPORTANT TO REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENTS.

The Western Mortgage Adjustment Co., of Topeka, Kansas, has for sale the names and addresses of over 30,000 Eastern investors in properties, mortgages, notes and bonds. Prices low: 100 names \$10.00, 1,000 names \$75.00, 5,000 names and upwards at special rates. Each and every one of them are guaranteed to be just as represented.

The following are the directors and officers of the above named company:

- Hon. A. K. Rodgers, Treasurer Shawnee Co., Kan.
- Hon. John R. Muirane, President Missouri & Kansas Telephone Co. and Bank of Topeka, Treas.
- Hon. S. J. Bear, ex-Register of Deeds Shawnee Co., Kansas, Sec'y.
- Hon. James L. King, ex-Postmaster of the City of Topeka, Kansas.
- Hon. William Higgins, ex-Secretary of State.